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**CHICAGO, ILL.****Eating and Drinking Utensils—Cleaning of, in Places of Public Refreshment—Food-stuffs Served in Free Lunches, Delicatessen Stores, etc., Required to be Pure and Wholesome—Protection. (Ord. Apr. 12, 1915.)**

SECTION 1. That article 20 of chapter 38 of the Chicago Code of 1911 be, and the same is hereby, amended by adding thereto the following sections to be known as sections 1370a, 1370b, and 1370c:

"SEC. 1370a. Any and every glass, cup, dish, and other eating or drinking vessel or utensil used in or at any hotel, saloon, restaurant, drug store, soda fountain, or other place of public refreshment in the city shall be thoroughly cleansed in running water or in clean water after each and every use thereof by any patron, and prior to any further use thereof in eating or drinking by any other patron; and no such glass, cup, dish, or other eating or drinking vessel or utensil, after use by one patron in eating or drinking, shall be offered or permitted to be used by any other patron without such glass, cup, dish, or other eating or drinking vessel or utensil having been first thoroughly cleansed in running water or clean water.

"SEC. 1370b. Any and all foodstuffs served or given away as free lunch or otherwise, in any saloon, bakery, delicatessen store, or other establishment not licensed as a restaurant, shall be prepared of materials which are wholesome and free from decomposition or contamination, and any and all places where such foodstuffs are displayed, offered, prepared, cooked, or served as food shall be protected from dust, flies, rodents, or other contamination, and shall be kept clean and sanitary; the room or rooms shall be light and well ventilated, and the floors, walls, ceilings, and tables shall be smooth and free from contaminating surroundings.

"SEC. 1370c. Any person, firm, or corporation owning or operating any hotel, saloon, restaurant, drug store, soda fountain, or other place of public refreshment, or any employee in charge of same or serving refreshments therein who shall fail to comply with the requirements of this section shall be fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$50 for each offense."

SEC. 2. That an ordinance passed May 5, 1913<sup>1</sup> (p. 321, Journal of the Proceedings of that date), amending said section 1370 of the Chicago Code of 1911, by adding thereto section 1370½, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

**EVANSVILLE, IND.****Milk and Milk Products—Production, Care, and Sale. Dairy Inspector—Appointment, Powers, and Duties. (Ord. 906, Apr. 10, 1915.)**

SECTION 1. That no person, firm, or corporation shall sell or offer for sale, expose for sale, dispose of, exchange, or barter, or with the intent so to do, have in his or their care, possession, custody, or control, any milk, butter, cream, or other milk products without first obtaining a license from the city of Evansville, so to do as in this ordinance provided. Any person, firm, or corporation desiring to obtain such license shall file with the department of health and charities of said city, an application, in writing, for the same in such form as may be by such department required, and shall file, with such application, a verified statement giving his or its name and address, the number of cows he or it owns or has charge of, the estimated average amount of milk or cream which he or it sells each day, the names and addresses and license number of all persons from whom he or it buys milk or cream, the estimated average amount of milk or cream which he or it buys from such persons each day, and an estimated average amount of milk or cream sold by each of such persons from whom the applicant buys such milk or cream each day, and the number of cows

<sup>1</sup> Public Health Reports, Mar. 13, 1914, p. 663.